Children rescued after Passing Juvenile Justice Act

3035. SHRIMATI SUPRIYA SULE: Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of children rescued after the Juvenile Justice Amendment Act was passed in October last year;

(b) the number of rescued children rehabilitated;

(c) whether after the implementation of the Juvenile Justice Amendment Act, many children are seen working at roadside hotels and other establishments;

(d) whether there were seven lakh child labouiers in Maharashtra and the number of children deprived of school education were 39,000 whereas the attendance in night schools does net match with the number of the deprived children; and

(e) the actual number of children in both these categories, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI RENUKACHOWDHURY): (a) and (b) The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Amendment Act, 2000 came into effect in August, 2006. However, a notification issued by the Ministry of Labour & Employment under the Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 banning employment of children as domestic workers or in dhabas, etc. came into effect from 10th October, 2006. Presently, no estimation is available with Ministry of Women and Child Development for children rescued or rehabilitated after October, -2006r

(c) Implementation of the Notification issued by the Ministry of Labourand Employment under the Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 is a gradual process to be achieved by combined efforts of the Government of India and State Government/UT Administrations.

(d) and (e) The number of working children, State-wise, including Maharashtra according to 2001 census in the age group of 5-14 years isgiven in Statement-I *(See* below). The number of out of school children in the age group of 6—14 years, State-wise, including Maharashtra, as per an Independent Survey commissioned by Government of India, in July-August, 2005 is given in the Statement-ll.

Statement-I

State-wise number of working children according to 2001 *Census in the age group* 5—14 years

SI.No.	Slates/UTs	No. of working children
1.	Andaman & Nicobar	1960
2.	Andhra Pradesh	1363339
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	18482
4.	Assam	351416
5.	Bihar	1117500
6.	Chandigarh	3779
7.	Chhattisgarh	364572
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	4274
9.	Daman &Diur	729
10.	Delhi	41899
11.	Goa	. 4138
12.	Gujarat	485530
13.	Haryana	253491
14.	Himachal Pradesh	107774
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	175630
16.	Jharkhand	407200
17.	Karnataka	822615
18.	Kerala	26156
19.	Lakshadweep	27
20.	Madhya Pradesh	1065259
21.	Maharashtra	764075
22.	Manipur	28836
23.	Meghalaya	53940
24.	Mizoram	26265
25.	Nagaland	45874
26.	Orissa	377594
27.	. Pondicherry	1904
28.	Punjab	177268
29.	Rajasthan	1262570
30.	Sikkim	16457
31.	Tamil Nadu	418801
32.	Tripura	21756
33.	Uttar Pradesh	1927997
34.	Uttaranchal	70183
35.	West Bengal	857087
	TOTAL:	12666377

Statement-ll

State-wise number of out of school children in the age group 6—14 *years as per an Independent Survey Commissioned by Government of India in July-August,* 2005

No	States/UTs	No. of working children
1.	Andaman & Nicobar	165
2.	Andhra Pradesh	542665
3	Arunachal Pradesh	23036
4.	Assam	536220
5.	Bihar	3176624
6.	Chandigarh	3086
7.	Chhattisgarh	2C4736
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0
9.	Daman & Diu	6134
10.	Delhi	.84424
11.	Goa	1155
12.	Gujarat	380444
13.	Haryana	174040
14.	Himachal Pradesh	4942
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	4777
16.	Jharkhand	620945
17.	Karnataka	119517
18.	Kerala	23242
19.	Lakshadweep	1104
20.	Madhya Pradesh	1085096
21.	Maharashtra	529295
22.	Manipur	67515
23.	Meghalaya	22132
24.	Mizoram	1558
25.	Nagaland	32406
26.	Orissa	332615
27.	Pondicherry	583
28.	Punjab	108754
29.	Rajasthan	795089
30.	Sikkim	3803
31.	Tamil Nadu	193418
32.	Tripura	5121
33.	Uttar Pradesh	2995208
34.	Uttaranchal	116680
35.	West Bengal	1213205
	TOTAL:	13459734